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During the year 1904 this station has cleared and inspected for United States ports 1,220 vessels, with 50,928 crew, carrying 30,714 passengers.

Mortuary report of Habana during the week ended December 31, 1904.

Disease.	Number of deaths.
Tuberculosis	17
Meningitis	4
Bronchitis	5
Cancer	3
Enteric fever	1
Pneumonia	5
Cachexia	1
Diphtheria	1
Enteritis	1

Total number of deaths from all causes, 97.

Vaccination certificates issued to emigrants for the Canal Zone.

During the month of December, 1904, 14 certificates were issued to emigrants going to the Canal Zone. Of this number 4 were vaccinated on issuing the certificates, and 10 had good scars of successful vaccination.

Yellow fever on steamship Dora, from La Guaira and Colon.

HABANA, January 6, 1905.

WYMAN, Washington.

Austrian steamship *Dora* arrived evening of 4th from La Guajira and Colon, with 3 cases of yellow fever, which were sent to Las Animas hospital; 1 died last night. Passengers sent to Mariel; full report to-morrow by mail.

DELGADO.

HABANA, January 10, 1905.

WYMAN, Washington:

Another of the yellow-fever cases died this morning and the third will probably succumb before night.

DELGADO.

Report from Mantanzas—Inspection of vessels—Precautionary detention of steamship King Frederick, from Tampico—Scarlet fever—Mortuary statistics.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, January 3, as follows:

During the week ended December 31, 1904, bills of health were issued to 8 vessels bound to United States ports, in good sanitary condition.

The British steamship *King Frederick*, which arrived in this port December 24, from Tampico, Mexico, via Cardenas, Cuba, was held in precautionary quarantine by the Cuban authorities while in the harbor. One stowaway, a Jamaican by birth, was discovered on board shortly after leaving Tampico. He was not allowed to land either at Cardenas or Mantanzas, and proceeded to Philadelphia on the same

vessel. The facts of the case were noted on the bill of health. No sickness was observed aboard this vessel up to December 28, when she cleared for Philadelphia direct.

One case of scarlet fever with a fatal termination yesterday and one death from an infectious fever, probably enteric, were reported in the city during the past week.

Mortuary statistics of the city of Matanzas for the last eleven days of December, 1904.

Causes of death.	Number of deaths.	Bertillon number.
Enteritis, infantile	1	105
Enteritis, tuberculous	1	29
Tuberculosis, pulmonary	5	27
Debility, congenital	1	151
Hemorrhage, pulmonary	1	99
Anæmia	1	54
Rheumatism, acute articular	1	47
Tumor, aneurismal	1	81
Arterio-sclerosis	1	81
Pneumonia	1	93
Perforation, intestinal	1	109
Fever, infectious	1	179
Total	16	

Annual rate of mortality per 1,000, 12.16; estimated population, 48,000.

GERMANY.

Reports from Berlin—Plague and cholera in various countries.

Consul-General Mason reports, December 16 and 23, as follows:

Plague.

Egypt.—During the week ended December 3 there were registered 2 fresh cases of plague (and 2 deaths) in the district of Tukh, Province Kaliubieh.

Straits Settlements.—In Singapore a fresh case of plague occurred on November 10.

Chile.—In Iquique, according to a report dated November 3, plague has broken out.

Cholera.

Russia.—During the period from November 23 to 29 the number of cases of cholera in the Caucasus increased considerably as compared with the preceding week, especially in the Government district of Eri-van, where, during the period mentioned, 915 cases were registered.

In Baku the number of new cases registered amounted to 53. In the Government district of Jelisavetpol 32 fresh cases of cholera were registered between November 22 and 26. Four new cases were registered in Tiflis during the period from November 23 to 29. In the Government district of Samara there occurred, during the week ended November 29, 162 fresh cases. In the district of Saratov the number of fresh cases of cholera amounted during the past week to 40, of which 19 terminated fatally. In the Astrakhan district 6 new cases were recorded. In the police district of Serachs, in the Trans-Caspian territory, there occurred 27 new cases and 20 deaths.

According to later bulletins, there occurred in the city of Baku,